THE DAILY REGISTER.

VOL. LII. RALEIGH, SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 22, 1850. NO. 30.

THE DAILY REGISTER.

SEATON GALES,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays at $4 per annum in advance; $4,50 if not paid within six months; and $5 if not paid until the expiration of the year.

THE WEEKLY REGISTER,
Is issued every Wednesday at $2,50 if paid within four months; otherwise $3.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

RALEIGH POST OFFICE.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

Northern Mail—By Rail Road, Due daily at 1-2 p. m., and closes at 11½ a. m.

Southern—Two horse stage, due daily at 11 a. m., closes at 12 m.

Greensborough—Four-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 6 a. m., and closes Sunday, Wednesday and Friday at 12 m.

Newbern—Four-horse stage, due Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 3 a. m., and closes Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 9 p. m.

Tarborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 10 p. m., closes Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 9 p. m.

Pittsborough—Two-horse stage, due Monday and Thursday at 7 p. m., and closes Saturday and Tuesday at 9 p. m.

Roxborough—One-horse mail, Due Friday at 9 a. m., and closes Friday at 1 p. m.

Holly Springs—Horse Mail, due Monday at 4 p. m., and closes Thursday at 9 p. m.

Letters should be in the Office fifteen minutes before the time of closing.

The Office will be open every day, except Sunday, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 9 p. m.

On Sunday, it will be open from 8½ to 9½ a. m., and one hour directly after the departure of the Western Mail.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE,

UP STAIRS,
SMITH'S BUILDINGS,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET.
Open from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M.

NO ADMITTANCE WITHIN THE BAR!!

	Rates	First 10 words,	E'h addi'l w'd.
Raleigh to Petersburg,	30 cts.		2
" " Richmond	32 "		2
" " Washington	44 "		2
" " Baltimore	54 "		3
" " Philadelphia	74 "		5
" " New York	84 "		6
" " Fayetteville	21 "		1
" " Cheraw	28 "		1
" " Charleston	50 "		3
" " Macon	97 "		5
" " Montgomery	116 "		6
" " Mobile	138 "		7
" " New Orleans	172 "		9

And all the places on this and other lines of communication in proportion to distance.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Insurance Company,
RALEIGH

Second Floor, Smith's Block, adjoining Telegraph Office.

OFFICE
OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
Mutual Life Insurance Company,
RALEIGH

Opposite the Post Office—under Odd Fellows Hall.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR.

DISCOUNT DAY, TUESDAY.
Board Meets at 11 O'clock.
BANKING HOURS FROM 10 TO 2.
W. H. JONES, Cashier.
F. C. HILL, Teller.

Exchange, Baltimore, Philadelphia and N. York, 1 per ct. premium.

Virginia and South Carolina money Bankable, of the denomination of $5 and upwards.

BANK OF THE STATE.
OFFICERS OF THE BANK.

Geo. W. Mordecai, Pres't.
Charles Dewey, Casher,
Seymour W. Whiting, Teller
Daniel DuPre, Bookkeeper,
Thos. W. Dewey, Clerk.

Hours of business from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m.
DISCOUNT DAY, WEDNESDAY.
Board of Directors meet at 10 a. m.

BANK RATES FOR SELLING EXCHANGE.
Sight Checks on New York 1 per cent. Premium.
" " " Philadelp'ia 1 " " "
" " " Baltimore 1 " " "

Notes of the South Carolina and Virginia Banks received.

J. D. WILLIAMS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT,
FAYETTEVILLE,
NORTH CAROLINA.

July 19th, 1850. 6

NEW BOOK STORE,
POMEROY & O'NEAL.
No, 16, Fayetteville St., Nearly Opposite the Post Office.
RALEIGH, N. C.

ARE now receiving an extensive assortment of Law, Medical, Theological, Miscellaneous and School Books, generally, Annuals and choice Books for Presents, Novels, Stationery of all kinds, which we are selling at the very lowest prices; prices which we are confident must give entire satisfaction. Call and examine.

W. L. POMEROY,
J. W. O'NEAL.

Dec., 9th, 1850. 95

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE Subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership in a general business as

Booksellers and Stationers,

and will continue to carry on the business under the name and Firm of

POMEROY & O'NEAL.

Raleigh, December 9th, 1850. 99

WISTARS BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

A large supply of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry just received and for sale by

P F PESCUD.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99
☞ Standard copy.

AYERS CHERRY PECTORAL.

A fresh supply of Ayers Cherry Pectoral just received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

ALSO

A Large supply of Linseed Oil just to hand at Pescud's DRUG STORE.

Dec. 9th, 1850. 99
☞ Standard copy.

BANK OF THE
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT on the Capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the last six months—payable at the Principal Bank on the first Monday in January next and at the Branches fifteen days thereafter.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Raleigh, December 11th, 1850. td 100
Star, Times, and Standard copy.

See R. R. R. R.*

To the Citizens of N. Carolina particularly.

WE can measure and furnish an entire suit of clothes (including coat, pantaloons, and vest,) at from 35 to $44; and will warrant them to be equal in all respects to any that can be furnished in the United States for that money. Gentlemen need no longer send out of the State for cheap Clothing, unless they prefer it.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

Raleigh, Nov. 8. 1850. 99

* Royal Raleigh Ringtail Rousers.

SOUTHERN REGALIA DEPOT!

P. HORTON KEACH,
No. 91, Main Street, Richmond, Va.,

MANUFACTURER of Masonic, Odd Fellows, Sons of Temperance, Rechabites, American Mechanics, Druids, Red Mens, and all other societies *REGALIA, BANNERS, FLAGS, SIGNALS,* &c., also, *Costumes, Robes, Sashes, Jewels,* and all other Equipments on hand and made to order ta short notice.

N. B.—Having secured the services of Mr. HENRY MESEKE, familiarly connected with the diff er ent orders, and well known in Baltimore as a *superior workman* in the above line, I am now prepared to compete with any establishment in the U. States, in either style, quality or price.

Orders from abroad respectfully solicited:
December 2nd, 1850. 8

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,
RALEIGH, N. C.

THE 18th Term of this School will commence on the Fourth day of January 1851, and continue 'till the 7th of June.

For a Circular containing full particulars, apply to the Subscriber.

ALDERT SMEDES, Rector.

December 4th, 1850. 98
☞ Standard, Fayetteville Observer, Chronicle, Commercial and Journal, Wilmington, Newbernian, Watchman, Salisbury, N. S. Whig, Washington, Old North State, E. City, Petersburg Intelligencer, Norfolk Herald and National Intelligencer, will insert five times, and send their bill to A. S.

Livery Stables!

THE Subscribers, take occasion to inform their friends and the public generally, that they will carry on the business, in all its branches, at the same stand; and that no efforts nor expense will be spared on their part to accommodate the travelling community. Conveyances, with good horses and careful drivers, will be furnished at all times and at short notice; and in fact, every convenience for travelling, in the way of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

will be supplied on the most favorable and accomodating terms.

The Subscribers also expect to keep constantly on hand, good

HORSES, BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, &C.,
FOR SALE.

And persons wishing to put out their Horses by the week, or month, or year, will have them well attended to, at moderate prices. Their Stables are on Wilmington Street, just to the East of Market Square.

Hoping to receive liberal encouragement, the undersigned pledge themselves to do all in their pow er to merit public patronage and favor.

BUFFALOE & COOKE

BUSINESS COATS.

125 CHEAP TWEED COATS, at a very low price.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

Dress and Frock Coats.

100, JUST OPENED, of all qualities well cut and extremely well made.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, October 12th, 1850. 82

LADIES White Kid Slippers,
do do Satin do
do Black Kid do
do do do Walking Shoes.

Just received by R. TUCKER & SON.
Oct. 21, 1850. 85

DIARY AND DAILY
Pocket Remembrance, for 1850.

FOR the use of Private Families and Persons of business; containing an Almanac and Banking Table, Counting House Almanac, and a Blank space for memorandums, for every day in the year.

For Sale at the
N. C. BOOKSTORE.

Raleigh Nov. 12th, 1850.

SECOND SUPPLY OF
Cloth, Dress and Frock Coats.

GENTLEMEN, if you want a good fitting Coat, made in the latest style, Call at

E. L. HARDING & CO

New Music Book.

CANTICA LAUDIS, or the American book of Church Music. By Lowell Mason and Geo. Webb.

ALSO
THE HOME ALTAR.

AN Appeal in behalf of Family Worship, with Prayers and Hymns, for family use. By the Rev. Charles F. Deems.

H. D. TURNER.

Nov. 8th, 1850. 90

CALF SKINS, LINING, &c.

O. L. BURCH keeps constantly on hand, Calf Skins, Lining Skins, Shoe finding, &c. &c.

Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

Heartt & Litchford

DEALERS IN STAPLE and FANCY
DRY GOODS.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
Fancy Articles, &c. &c.

HAVE received nearly their entire Stock of Fall and Winter Goods—to which they respectfully invite the attention of their friends and customers, and the public generally, and all of which are offered on the most reasonable terms.

Raleigh, Oct. 14th, 1850. 83

WHITE WASH BRUSHES.

A LARGE supply of various sizes, just received and for sale low.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Raleigh April 23d 1850. 33

L. B. WALKER.

HARD to beat for the accommodation of the citizens of Raleigh, would say that he has in his employ two as good workmen as can be procured anywhere. He has been at considerable expense in the Baking business, and will do all in his power to give satisfaction. It is with the citizens to say, whether or not a Bakery should be supported. At any rate, he will give the business a fair trial this Winter.

November 15th, 1850. 92

PEEBLES, WHITE & DAVIS,
Grocers and Commission Merchants
Old Street, Petersburg, Va.,

KEEP always on hand a large and well assorted supply of Groceries, and pay particular attention to the sale of Cotton, Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, and all other kinds of produce.

LEMUEL PEEBLES,
THOMAS WHITE,
PETER R. DAVIS, Jr.

Petersburg July 20 58 1y

Just received by Express, this day, a lot of fine French Merinos, assorted colors, ALSO, a lot of Jenny Lind Trimmings.

EVANS & WILLIAMS.

Oct. 21st, 1850. 85

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the General Assembly, now in Session, to incorporate a Savings Bank, to be located in the town of Jackson, Northampton County.

Nov. 26th, 1850. 96 4w

GENTLEMEN'S HATS.
FALL STYLE FOR 1850.

SOMETHING entirely new and decidedly elegant. Call and examine.

R. TUCKER & SON.

August 26th, 1850. 69

TOBACCO AND SEGARS.

OF the best quality may be found at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

November 21st. 94

FRESH ARRIVALS
SEMI-WEEKLY.

HARDING & CO. will receive new goods twice a week during the entire season, direct from the Manufactory. By this arrangement, purchasers will always find something new and attractive by examining their Stock. As for Bargains, Gents, you cant begin to buy as cheap elsewhere. Call and examine yourselves

Under the Telegraph Office,
Fayetteville street.

Raleigh, Nov. 14th, 1850 92

SPEECH OF

MR. LEACH, OF DAVIDSON.

On the resolutions introduced by Mr. Bridgers, of Franklin, concerning the North Carolina Rail Road.

[CONCLUDED.

Besides the natural advantages that the east has over the west, in commercial facilities—by its rivers, its harbors, and an extended coast, I am prepared to show that there have been actual appropriations made, since the year 1816, east of Raleigh, of nearly *Four Millions of Dollars!* And during the same time, the amount appropriated in the *whole west*, has not exceeded the trifling snm of *fifty-five thousand dollars;* the larger portion of which is the State's stock in the *Buncombe Turnpike*, the *principal* of which has been paid back—every cent of it; and the road is now actually yielding a profit of more than 10 per cent. And, sir, those vast appropriations have been made in the east, not in a few instances, but at almost every session of the Legislature, and that too, by the influence of western men, aye, sir, by *western votes!* Such has been uniformly the tone and temper of the west towards the east. So much so, indeed, that no murmur has been heard—no complaint has been made on the part of the west, except, perhaps, a few, whose minds are swayed by sectional feelings and local prejudices; or those who continue to hold *peculiar* notions on the subject of Internal Improvement—being in favor only, of a "JUDICIOUS SYSTEM!" which, when defined by themselves, means, simply—*nothing!*—no improvement at all. Yes, sir, the west is attached to the east—their common origin—their common struggles in the days that "tried men's souls"—their common destiny—attach them to their eastern brethren. They have always been liberal towards them, and their recorded votes show it. And now sir, when a great scheme is projected in which Western North Carolina is so deeply and vitally interested, all we ask is that we may be *let alone* in the enjoyment of our rights, and in our efforts to render prosperous our portion of the State, and indirectly the *whole State;* that we may not be tantalized by an attempt to snatch from us, the first boon that has been held out, just as we are reaching forth eager hands to lay hold on it. All we ask, is, that no impediments or obstacles be thrown in the way by our eastern friends, by whom we have always so firmly stood. But, sir, I feel constrained to say, that the greatest opposition to the Road, comes from Counties through which Rail-ways pass, and where, therefore, the great advantages of such improvements, are every day seen and felt—aye, sir, *ac knowledged* on this floor, by the *very men*, who are most clamorous for the passage of these resolutions, where the lands of their constituents and every other species of property have so much appreciated and risen in value, and where prosperity and wealth, by means of increased facilities and ready markets, have crowned with success those improvements. I will not stop to enquire whether this course of attacking the Central Road as it has been twice, and I fear from indications as it will continue to be attacked, exhibts either good taste or correct feeling, whether it is fair or generous or manly, on the part of the gentlemen who are desirous of crippling the company and lessening the value of their stock, and injuring the stockholders in their vested rights; but sir, I submit, whether a course like this would characterize the patriot or the statesman—the man of enlarged and liberalized sentiments, looking—not to party, not to location—but to the common interests of the State at large, to the general welfare, and the prosperity and happiness of all her citizens.

Oh! sir, it is most painful and *humiliating* to a true North Carolinian, to witness the continued labours and exertions that are being used, to *subdue* the struggling energies, that the State is, at *last*, putting forth, for her redemption, and her physical and moral elevation! Struggling for the triumph of *intelligence* over *ignorance*, of wealth over poverty!

But, sir, one of these resolutions asserts that a majority of the freemen of North Carolina, are opposed to the Central Road,—(opposed to *their own road!*) and that it is inexpedient to build it. I deny it, and maintain that it would be a libel on the intelligence of the people of the State, to believe it. Doubtless there are Counties,—a few Counties of this opinion, and a few *wise* politicians, and some respectable gentlemen on this floor; but that this opinion prevails *generally*, that it even approximates a majority of the people, I cannot, I will not for a moment believe.

The gentleman, who introduced the resolutions, will, I presume, hardly assume to speak the sentiments of all the Counties west of Raleigh, himself being an eastern man.—I hold that, so far as the Legislature is enabled to arrive at a correct opinion of the popular voice, on this subject, by the best and surest *tests*, the conclusion must be, that a large and increasing majority of the people, are in favor of the Road, and ardently desire to see it constructed.

The members of the last Legislature, fresh from their Constituencies, passed the bill, and many of those gentlemen have been returned. The Representatives from a number of counties opposing the bill, at last session, were defeated, in the August elections, and those counties are now represented on this floor, by warm advocates of this measure—the people eagerly availed themselves of the boon tendered them in this charter, and promptly complied with its conditions, by subscribing *One Million of Dollars*; great concern and anxiety are felt, not only here, but throughout the counties, so far as the news has gone, on account of the hostility shown to the Road, by the bill introduced for its *repeal*, and the resolutions under discussion—the immense advantage and importance of this grand Improvement, are daily gaining ground in the minds of the farmers of the land; these, sir, are some of the data, upon which I base my opinion, that there is an overwhelming majority of the *people* in favor of the Road.

But sir, is there not a great necessity for this scheme? Does not the *east* need it, does not the *west* demand it? And is it not absolutely essential to the well-being and prosperity of the *whole State*? I solemnly believe it is. It is too late in the day, there is too much good sense abroad in the land, to question the propriety or policy, of any enlightened people, adopting well digested plans of Internal Improvement; because when tried by the severest of all tests—*success*, there is every where, sufficient proof, and abundant cause, to establish their great utility; and because their practicability and advantages are opinions that have been accepted, among the intelligent for years, with a continued and general approbation. And this is particularly the case in North Carolina, owing pe haps to the fact that the people, in contrasting her sad and backward condition, with that of other States, *cannot* be indifferent, or unobservant of, what is going on all around them on this great subject.

Who is not pained and humiliated, whenever the comparison is instituted, between the past and present condition of North Carolina, and that of her sister States. She came into this Union, one of the largest and most populous and prosperous of the States, with a climate and soil unsurpassed by any of her Sisters. But while they have gone on in a bright career of prosperity, her condition remains but little improved, and her people are annually leaving her borders by thousands; because by remaining here, they can get nothing for their products and earnings, being locked out of markets, and having no facilities to get from home, or for transporting their products. The State of Massachusetts, not larger in territory than half a dozen of our Counties, commenced her career, with a smaller population than North Carolina, with a soil by nature; sterile and unproductive, a climate cold and uncongenial with, therefore, the advantages all in favor of North Carolina, how do the two States compare now? I will not detain the House by entering upon a detail of what is so familiar to all, her immense trade, which she carries on at home and abroad, in every zone of the world, the present highly cultivated condition of her soil, the great value and number of the various products of her loom, and all her other manufacturing establishments—her general prosperity—her *One Million of Dollars* expended *annually* for her *Common School* system of education, her general prosperity, her vast wealth and her commercial advantages and facilities; nearly all of which is properly attributable to her grand and extensive system of Internal Improvements, the State being literally checkered over, with Rail Roads. To show the extent of her system, and its great *utility*, let us see what amount those money-loving, sagacious Yankee people have appropriated. Sir, it seems almost incredible, but it is nevertheless true, that Massachusetts has invested a Capital in Rail Roads, within and without the State, in the last fifteen years of more than *Fifty five Millions of Dollars*! nearly one sixth of which has been expended to build rail roads *out of*, and *beyond* her borders, to bring the wealth and products of other States, to be poured into her lap. And yet, sir, we are told and it is gravely argued on this floor, that North Carolina cannot expend three millions of Dollars, to build *one Road* through her Central and richest portion! The alarm is sounded, the hue and cry raised at this *first* attempt of the old North State to raise and elevate herself among her Sisters.—Look, sir, at Georgia and South Carolina. A few years ago and Georgia was growing poorer, her lands wearing out and washing away, her citizens were leaving her borders, her wealth gliding away. In this condition her spirited citizens began to cast about to ascertain the cause of her retrogressive condition. The examples of other States more prosperous taught them the true secret, they immediately commenced Rail Road Improvements on a pretty extended scale, when, suddenly, emigration ceased, nay, thousands of her citizens that have gone South and West, *returned*, and a complete revolution and change took place, by imparting new energy and activity to every branch of business, and in every department of life. I recently travelled through Georgia, passing over several of her Rail ways, and what I saw and learned of her present prosperous condition, of her rapidly increasing wealth, her trade, her greatly increased and multiplied products, her towns and cities springing up along her Roads, as if by magic, the yearly return of her citizens who had emigrated, the life, energy and general prosperity that is being diffused among her citizens by means of her six hundred miles of Rail Road, the actual profits of all her Roads; all these facts and others, the result of observation and enquiry, fully satisfied my mind that Georgia has become a great State and is rapidly growing greater in wealth and population, by her system of Internal Improvement, and that North Carolina might even, outstrip Georgia if all her resources were developed as they will be eventually, if this Road shall be built.

Sir, I believe that the region of Country to be traversed by this projected Road, and the Piedmont country lying beyond it, is not surpassed by any other in this Confederacy; whether we consider the fertility and variety of the soil—the salubrity of the climate—the extent and vast amount of its mineral resources—the beauty of its scenery—its surpassing healthfulness, or the moral integrity and political virtue of its inhabitants. Here, Mr. Speaker, nature has lavished her richest gifts, and diffused her choicest blessings. The valley of the Yadkin, the rich Jersey settlement, and the valley of the Catawba, and their adaptation to the various valuable products, are known throughout the land. Ah! sir, I wish you could visit this beautiful land, delightful as Eden! and take your stand upon some mountain top that pierces the blue vault of heaven, whence you might gaze with unutterable feelings of wrapt wonder and admiration, upon the sublime, and glorious panorama of nature spread outward and onward in an endless circumfusion of splendor; with cool and pearly streams rippling and gurgling onward, over ledges of rock and precipices, in sheets of milk white foam, until their meanderings are lost far away in the distance.

Sir, who is this road to benefit? The whole State—especially the great farming interest of Western Carolina. It is to improve the condition of the farmer—the great middle classes of our State—those who have taken a large portion of stock in the Road—it is to raise their nature, and place them in a condition in which the privileges and advantages of opulence will, in a measure, cease; where they may be equal not only by nature, but in virtue and intelligence with the wealthier classes—and where the means may be afforded of more generally educating the people. In all that upper region of country, the nearest markets—and uncertain and poor ones when reached—vary from one hundred, to one hundred and fifty and two hundred miles—so completely is this most fertile country locked up—and all the profits of the husbandman and labourer consumed, in getting their produce away, by the old miserable plan of waggonage. And it is owing to this condition of things that thousands are annually leaving the State—leaving lands that yield up to the agriculturist, its rich products, much more abundantly than those upon which the emigrants generally settle. But in the Mississippi valley, they have Rail Roads in every direction, and consequently ready and good markets. There are now thousands, not merely of the poorer classes but the enterprising and wealthy, whose stay, in North Carolina, depends on the success of the Central Road. If it is put down by any action of this Legislature, they will leave the State. They will visit the graves of their fathers, and the homes of their childhood the last time, and with reluctant steps, and aching hearts, turn their backs on North Carolina forever! and seek in far distant lands, among strangers, homes and fortunes for themselves and their children; where labour is rewarded, where industry is encouraged, and where prosperity and wealth abound, by reason of Rail Roads and other Internal Improvements.

But, sir, let this Road be built, and the Yadkin, which will be its great feeder, be made navigable, as it will be, for one hundred and twenty miles, North Carolina "redeemed and disenthralled," will arise from her *Rip Van Winkle sleep*—her opium-like torpor—arouse herself to her true interests—invite back to her embraces, her sons that have wandered far away into every country; and inspired with a spirit of energy, activity and independence—imparted to her by this great improvement—will proudly take her stand side by side with her most prosperous sisters, and go forth to reach her high destiny—go forth and go on in her new career of prosperity and greatness.

CALIFORNIA CORRESPONDENCE.

(Special Correspondence of the Picayune.)

SACRAMENTO CITY, Oct. 19, 1850.

Eds. Pic.—This morning the steamer from San Francisco brought us the glad tidings of the admission of California into the Union. The news was announced about two hours before day-light, by the firing of one hundred guns from the steamer. The signal was at once recognized by the community, and was followed by the discharge of fire-arms of all sizes and classes, from the old rusty flint locks to the polished revolver. To-day is a day of general rejoicing. The courts have adjourned and all official business is suspended, and those who are fond of the "critter" are willing a take it "thousand drinks" upon the strength of the news. The intelligence is of vastly more importance to us than it is to the Union. It at once dispels the anarchy and confusion that seemed to threaten us and hung over our heads with awful forebodings, and promises in their stead a bright and prosperous future. We may now look forward with fair prospects to a strict scrutiny and rigid examination into the frauds and derelictions of duty that have been charged upon the officers of the Federal Government—to the establishment of federal courts—to the enactment of wholesome and needful laws in reference to our commerce and the navigation of our interior waters—to the protection of our frontier from Indian depredations, and to some provision for the purpose of testing and determining the validity of land titles. Our admission will, at the same time, give stability to our State Government and a wholesome character to our laws, while it will inspire with confidence the energy and industry of the State. Upon the whole, it is fortunate for us and peculiarly fortunate for the Union.

During the coming session of our Legislature there is a strong probability that a law will be passed calling a new convention to adopt a new constitution. The Western and Southern men appear to hang together, and if they continue to do so, California, in less than two years, will be a slave State. So you will see, if I am not more mistaken than ever I was in my life, that while our admission into the Union brings us joy and fair promises on one hand, it sends us an internal fued on the other that will be contested with fierceness and energy by both parties.

FREANER.

DAILY REGISTER.

DAILY ISSUE.

Sunday Morning, Dec. 22nd.

YESTERDAY,

IN THE SENATE, the Bill to aid the Wilmington and Manchester Road, after a running debate between Messrs. Joyner, Nixon, Caldwell, of Burke, Thomas, and others, was rejected by a vote of 27 to 22.

In the House, the Debate on the Constitution was further continued, in the morning, by Messrs. Erwin, Dargan, McLean and Ruffin, and, in the afternoon, by Mr. Mizell, of Martin. Our Reporter furnishes a brief abstract of the speeches, under the proper heading.

The further consideration of the question has been postponed until Monday week.

SPEECH OF GEN. LEACH.

We conclude, this morning, the Speech of General LEACH, upon the Resolutions relative to the N. C. R. R., introduced by Mr. Bridgers. The course of Gen. L. on this question, commends him more and more to the confidence and regard of the people of Davidson, whose views he has so well and faithfully reflected, upon all occasions. Few constituencies, anywhere, have a more assiduous or zealous representative. His speech will doubtless receive a cordial reception at their hands.

AMENDMENT OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The question was pertinently put, and as truthfully answered, by Mr. FLEMING, in the House of Commons, on Friday—"who produced this present dissatisfaction with our Constitution?" And Mr. Erwin, in his remarks in the House of Commons, on Friday and Saturday, gave, in detail, the history of the well-known causes which have led to the present demand for Reform. Our readers will bear us witness, that we had no agency in making the people discontented with the Constitution under which they have prospered for so many years, and under which they would have remained, without a murmur, but for the machinations of political mountebanks, and the representations of interested demagogues. We are still unwilling to alter that Constitution, without a definite and unequivocal expression of the will and wishes of the people. They are the source of "all political power," and they alone have the right to *unmake* what they alone could *make*. If *they* ordain a change in our organic law, it is the duty of the agents whom they may select to carry out their will, to conform to their behests in every particular. This is *genuine* Democracy, as contradistinguished from *modern* Democracy represented by a large fraction of that party in the present Legislature.

There can be no doubt—it has not been denied—that it is the deliberate purpose of the majority of the Loco Foco party, in the Legislature, to stifle the popular voice, and suppress, if possible, the popular will. One need go no farther than to the Report of the majority on the subject of Amending the Constitution, to be satisfied of that fact. That Report simply recommends, out of all the questions referred to it, an abrogation of the property qualification in voting for Senators, to be effected by Legislative enactment, previous to any consultation with the people! Mr. Avery and Gen. Saunders unite upon this platform. If these gentlemen are sincere in their belief that this change is called for by public sentiment; if their purpose be not rather to preserve the unity of THE PARTY in the State—the West forbearing, for that end, to press other Reforms in which they are said to be much interested, and the Democrats of the East sacrificing the interests of their constituents, for the sake of endorsing DAVID S. REID—if this, we say, be not the purpose why shrink from an open consultation with the people of North Carolina. The reason is apparent—palpable. It peeps out in every quarter and becomes the more manifest the more it is attemped to be concealed.—The head may be hidden, but the body is exposed in all its deformity. The Loco Foco leaders and aspirants know full well, that the people will take these elements of party capital out of their hands; or they fear that, if a majority of the voters of the State insist upon certain important Reforms, their political power in North Carolina will go irretrievably to the great WHIG West! Thep quail at the storm they have themselves aroused!

For ourself, we maintain the position we have always assumed. Let all questions, whatever, involving an alteration of the Constitution, be submitted to the rightful sovereigns. If they decide that change is desirable, and are willing to call a Convention, to make one alteration or many alterations, be it so! No man dare dispute their authority.

THE LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION.

Under ordinary circumstances, says the Washington Republic, we should not allude to the speech of Mr. Giddings, delivered in the House of Representatives on the 9th inst. The character of this individual is so well understood, that his movement might well be considered as disposed of, by the entire neglect and contempt with which it was received by his colleagues on the floor. But Mr. Giddings is now to be considered, not merely as Mr. Giddings, but as the type of a political brotherhood. He is the recognised leader of the opposition to President Fillmore in the House. It is understood that there was a caucus of the opposition members on Saturday evening; and it is rumored that Mr. Allen and Mr. Mann, and other free-soil gentlemen, took part in its deliberations. It has been alleged, that Mr. Mann was selected as the individual to move the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law; but Mr. Giddings managed to anticipate him in the matter of the speech. As the thing now stands, Mr. Giddings is the head and front of the opposition. To his hands the fortunes and destinies of the party arrayed against President Fillmore have been committed.

☞ It will be seen, by reference to the advertisement in another column, that the CALDWELL INSTITUTE, in Hillsboro', has been discontinued, and that Mr. WILSON, the late President, and Mr. GRAVES, one of the Tutors, propose opening a School, in that place.

☞ We would remind those who would "crown the year" with a patriotic act, that the Hon. Jno. H. BRYAN and Geo. W. MORDECAI, Esq., have been requested to act as Agents to receive subscriptions to the Washington National Monument. We hope that they may be able to make a creditable report from North Carolina.

Subscriptions received at the Bank of the State.

MESSAGE OF THE GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA.—*A National Convention in Baltimore!* The Governor of Virginia has sent a message to the Legislature of that State recommending a National Convention, to meet in Baltimore, in May next, to take such action as will put a final end to the slavery agitation, and thereby perpetuate the Union.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Dec. 21st.

Mr. G. W. Caldwell presented the memorial of citizens of Mecklenburg county, praying for the establishment of a Medical Board. Referred to Committee on that subject.

Mr. Cameron presented the report of the Commissioners of the Insane Hospital of North Carolina, which, on his motion, was referred to a Select Committee and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Bower presented the memorial of citizens of Ashe county, in relation to constructing a public road from Hillsboro', to the Virginia line. Referred to committee on Internal Improvement.

Mr. Joyner, from the Select committee to whom was referred the resolution in regard to the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, reported a bill; read first time and on motion of Mr Canada, ordered to be printed.

Mr. Bond introduced a bill to incorporate the Bertie manufacturing company. Referred to committee on corporations.

Mr Cameron, from the committee on corporations, to whom was referred a bill to provide for the incorporation of companies to construct Plank roads, and of companies to construct Turnpike roads and for other purposes, reported the same with an amendment.

Mr. Canada introduced a bill to incorporate the Oxford Female College in Granville county. Referred to committee on corporations.

Mr. Speight introduced a bill to incorporate Kinston Academy, in Lenoir county.—Referred to committee on corporations.

The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived, the special order of the day was taken up, to wit: the bill concerning the Wilmington and Manchester Rail Road Company; which was read, amended, and after some time spent in the discussion of the same, it was rejected. Yeas 22, Nays 27.

Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

SATURDAY, Dec. 21st.

Mr. D. W. Siler presented a memorial of John Young, a purchaser of Cherokee lands, praying for the same relief heretofore extended to other purchasers; which was referred to the Committee on Cherokee Bonds.

Mr. Ruffin, a memorial from citizens of Rockingham county, praying the passage of an act declaring the River Dan from the town of Madison, to the Stokes line, a good and sufficient substitute for a lawful fence; which was referred to Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Gordon, a memorial from citizens resident within the 75th Regiment N. C. militia, protesting against a decision of a Court Martial of said Regiment, and praying the Legislature not to sanction and confirm the same. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Wilson, a petition of Priscilla Jones, asking a pension from the State. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Steele presented a resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to enquire into the expediency of making it obligatory upon all Banks to redeem their notes whenever they may be presented, without reference to the particular place at which they may be made payable. Adopted.

Mr. R. M. Saunders introduced the following rule of order for the government of the House, which, on his motion, was laid on the table to be taken up at some future time: "It shall be in the power of the House, on motion, by the vote of a majority, to terminate all debate on any question which may be pending, and to fix the hour when the vote shall be taken on the main question, and any amendment which may be proposed—and no further debate shall be in order unless it be for explanation on an amendment, which shall not exceed five minutes."

Mr. Scott introduced a resolution to instruct the Committee on the Judiciary to enquire into the expediency and propriety of a general revisal and consideration of the Public Laws of North Carolina. Adopted.

Mr. Barnes, of Northampton, presented a bill to amend an act entitled an act to protect the interest of lessors, passed at the session of 1840–'41; which passed first reading, and was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, introduced a bill to incorporate a Mutual Insurance Company in the town of Greensborough. Passed first reading and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. McCleese introduced a resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of making the act of harboring or concealing apprentices, whether white or colored, an indictable offence. Adopted.

Mr. Sharp introduced a bill to improve the administration of justice. Passed first reading, laid on the table and ordered to be printed. [The bill provides for electing magistrates in each captain's district in the several Counties, who shall hear and determine all civil causes now cognizable before Justices of the Peace; said Justices to be paid, and to be required to keep a record of all cases tried before them in a bound book.]

Mr. A. M. Foster introduced a bill regulating the fees of Clerks and Masters in this State, and for other purposes. Passed first reading and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Leave of absence for ten days was granted to Mr. Farmer, of Henderson county; for three days to Mr. Thigpen and Mr. Barnes, of Edgecombe; for five days to Mr. Simmons, of Jones; and for eight days to Mr. Person, of Northampton, and Mr. Hill, of New Hanover.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The bill to amend the Constitution of North Carolina, with certain amendments, was taken up.

Mr. Erwin continued his remarks in favor of an unlimited Convention, and submitted some statistics showing the inequality of representation in the Senate at present, between the east and west—that some Senatorial Districts in the west have double, and in some cases, treble the population, and pay twice as much tax as some in the east. He concluded by stating that he was for submitting the question first to the people to say whether they desired any change in the constitution, and if they do, then to call an unlimited Convention.

Mr. McLean, of Surry, next addressed the House in favor of the original bill. He stated as an argument in favor of amending the Constitution by Legislative enactment, that the provision in the constitution for such amendments was placed there by Western men. He opposed a change of the basis of representation on the ground that it was a matter of compromise between the east and the west, and read, from the debates in the convention of 1835, a remark of Gov. Swain in which he speaks of the amendments then made as a "compromise." Mr. M. concluded with some humorous remarks in reply to Mr. Rayner and Mr. Erwin.

Mr. Dargan, of Anson, spoke next. He did not altogether like any of the bills before the House, but preferred the one offered by Mr. Foster. He was for submitting the question to the people to say whether they desire a change or not; and if they do, then he was for calling a Convention, and only restricting it in reference to the Federal Basis. Mr. D. charged the Democratic party with having raised this question of amending the Constitution for political purposes; and said they had raised a storm which they would be glad to stop, but they could not. He concluded with an allusion to Gov. Reid and his free-suffrage hobby, which brought volleys of laughter from the members, and the loud raps of the Speaker's mallet were heard calling the House to order.

Mr. Ruffin, of Rockingham, addressed the House in favor of the original bill; and argued that the people themselves had decided in favor of an amendment by Legislative enactment, by choosing a Democratic Governor—this being the principal issue made by the candidates.

Mr. Mizell, of Martin, next obtained the floor; but gave way for a report from a committee.

Mr. R. M. Saunders, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported the bill to incorporate the Milton Savings Institution, with an amendment. Amendment adopted, and the Bill was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Foster, the House took a recess until 3 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Mizell took the floor and spoke at great length in support of the original bill to amend the Constitution.

Mr. Caldwell, of Guilford, then addressed the House in favor of an open Convention. Before he had concluded,

Mr. Cherry moved to postpone the further consideration of the subject until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. Jones objected, desiring that it should be postposed to some day when there would probably be a full house.

Mr. Person, of Northampton, moved to postpone until Thursday week.

Mr. Rayner moved to amend, by saying Monday week; and the question being taken on the amendment, it was adopted; so the question was postponed to Monday week.

On motion of Mr. Jones, the Slavery Resolutions were taken up and made the order of the day for next Thursday week.

Leave of absence for six days was granted to Mr. Tripp of Beaufort; and

On motion of Mr. Fleming,

The House adjourned.

THE BLOCK FOR THE MONUMENT.—The block of Georgia marble, for the Washington Monument, for which a fund was raised by the voluntary contributions of the members of the late Convention, in accordance with a resolution offered by Mr. McDougald, will be inscribed with the Coat of Arms of Georgia, and the following words: "GEORGIA CONVENTION: DECEMBER, 1850.

ULTRA Teetotalism and Abolitionism compared and unmasked, as worse than infidelity, at the Christian Chapel, today, at 11 o'clock, A. M. and 6 P. M. And that pledged to be done by the undersigned, without trenching upon Teetotalism proper, or any legitimate principle of the Sons of Temperance, or Republican freedom.

SIDNEY WELLER.

December, 22nd, 1850. 1t

Bank of the State of N. Carolina.

The Bank will be closed on Wednesday, the 25th inst., that being Christmas day. All papers falling due on that day must be attended to on Tuesday preceding.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

December, 23d, 1850. 103

WINES AND BRANDIES.

SCOTCH Ale and London Porter, of superior quality selected for Medical purposes constantly on hand and for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

Dec. 21st, 1850. 103

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that application will be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, at the expiration of this date, for the issue of a new certificate for 21 shares of the stock of said Bank, in the name of Dr. Isaac Burns, dec'd in the stead of one lost.

Application will also be made to the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of the State of North Carolina at the expiration of three months, for the issue of a new Certificate for 10 shares of the Stock of said Bank, in the name of Dr. Isaac Burns dec'd., in the stead of one lost.

E. B. BURNS, Ad'm'r.

Dec. 20th, 1850. 103

Classical and Mathematical SCHOOL.

Hillsborough, N C

THE exercises of the Caldwell Institute having been discontinued, the subscribers will open a School on the 14th day of January, 1851, in the building lately used by that institution, under their own control and direction.

The course of instruction will be such as to prepare young men thoroughly for the Sophomore class in College, or when a College course is not intended, for the business transactions of life.

The strictest attention will be givan to the moral deportment of the students, and if long experience in the education of youth be a ground of confidence to those who may patronize the School, we promise to use that experience to promote the best interests of those who may be committed to our charge.

Terms in the Classical and Mathematical department, $20; and in English $15 a session in advance.

ALEX. WILSON.
RALPH H. GRAVES.

Hillsboro', Dec., 21st, 1850. 103

☞ The Wilmington Chronicle, Watchman and Observer of Richmond, Va., insert 4 times and forward accounts.

SPLENDID SCHEMES.

FOR JANUARY, 1851.

J. W. MAURY & CO., Managers.

35,000!

$25,000! $20,000!

15 PRIZES OF $1,000!

VIRGINIA STATE LOTTERY,

For the Benefit of Monongalia Academy,
Class No. 2, for 1851.
To be drawn at Alexandria, Va., on Saturday January 4th, 1851.

BRILLIANT SCHEME

1 Prize of 35,000, 1 of 25,000, 1 of 20,000, 1 of 10,000 of 5,355, 15 of 1,000, 100 of 600.

&c., &c., &c., &c.

Tickets only $10—Halves 5—Quarters 2,50

Certificates of packages of 25 Whole tickets			130,00
Do.	do.	of 25 Half do	65 00
Do.	do.	of 25 Quarter do	32 50

Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who order from us.

Address— J. & C. MAURY & CO.
Alexandria, Va.

Abbot's Illustrated Histories.

XERXES THE GREAT!

THE following works of the series are now ready:

William the Conqueror,	Alexander the Great,
Mary Queen of Scotts,	Charles the Second,
Maria Antoinette,	Charles the First,
Darius the Great,	Alfred the Great,
Queen Elizabeth,	Cyrus the Great,
Julius Cæsar,	Madame Roland,
Hannibal.	

Illustrated Title Pages and other Illustrations, 18mo.

For sale at the North Carolina Book Store, by

H. D. TURNER.

Dec. 21, 1850. 103

Yeast Powders.

Try a Box if you want good Buckwheat and Batter Cakes; for sale by.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Notice.

APPLICATION will be made to the Legislature of North Carolina, now in session, for an act to incorporate the Trustees of TAR RIVER ACADEMY, in the County of Granville.

December 19th, 1850. 102 tf

NOTICE,

Is hereby given that application will be made by the undersigned to the present Legislature, for relief on account of injuries sustained on the Ruleigh and Gaston Rail Road.

MARY W. FULLER.

Dec. 21, 1850. 103

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE Subscriber has on hand, several second-handed Pianos, which he would sell low for *cash*, or rent by the month.—They are in good repair, mostly modern style, with six Octaves.

W. WHITAKER.

Raleigh, Dec. 21, 1850. 103

The "Bug" also at Home again.

I HAVE just returned the *second* time from Boston, N. York, and Philadelphia, having spent nearly all of August and September in said Cities, getting up our CLOTHING, every article of which *was cut by himself*, and *made up under my own* inspection; and I presume there is no one in North Carolina now, who would be verdant enough to question my capacity after the eloquent tribute paid to my 'artistic skill, in our last Superior Court, by Judge, Counsel on both sides, witnesses and Jurors I refer to the case of "Biggs *vs.* Oliver"—action for damages, in which I had to pay $250, in consequence of my extended reputation.

Come in, if you please, and assist me in paying off the judgment by buying our goods. Who is there in North Carolina, who has not heard of the Hon. George E. Badger, the Hon. Wm. H. Haywood, Jr., and 'Bug' Oliver, Why 'their fame is no more to be hemmed in by State lines than their talents are to be circumscribed within the same narrow limits.'

We are connected, as all our customers know—and if they don't know it, they may—with no Northern House—*but we are Tailors ourselves*—buy our own goods, and import quite as many of what we purchase in proportion to our business, as any house in this State or out of it. There is no establishment here or elsewhere that possesses any advantage over us. We buy where every body else buys, and we think we understand our business and buy as cheapy. We say our clothing is equal to any offered for sale in North Carolina, and, we think superior, being Judges ourselves of clothing. Of that though, we will leave the public to decide, when they examine for themselves. One thing is certain—without intending to reflect upon any one—we will sell our clothing *cheaper* than the same articles can be bought for in any of the Northern Cities, and as cheap as any body that comes here, who does not steal his clothing ready made

Our stock embracing Drab, Black, Blue, Green, Gray, and other OVERCOATS from 6 to $20 and upwards. Cloaks, full circle, $18 upwards, Frock, dress, and Sack COATS from 7 to $12 and upwards PANTALOONS, all colors and prices, from $4 to $8. VESTS, all kinds and all sizes, at all prices from $1,25 to $5. In fact, every thing that can be found in any similar establishment in the Union.

We are North Carolinians. We are permanently located here, and if we sell as cheap as others, why not give us the preference? If we do not sell as good goods at as small a price, we will not ask your patronage.

Call! call! call before you purchase, at

OLIVER & PROCTER'S.
No. 1.
R. R. R. R.
Fayetteville Street.

Female Classical Institute,

HILLSBOROUGH STREET.

REV. BENNET T. BLAKE, *Principal.*

MR. WM. C. DOUB, *A. M. Professor of Mathematics and Ancient Languages.*

MR. KARL W. PETERSILLA, *Professor of Music.*

MRS. LUCY M. PETERSILLA, *Teacher of Drawing and Painting.*

TWENTY-FIVE Young Ladies can be accommodated with board in the family of the Principal. These will receive all the attention, and enjoy all the comforts of a private family.

The course of study is well digested, thorough and extensive. The entire expense to a pupil will be covered by the payment of One Hundred Dollars in advance, for a session of 5 months. This will include Board and Tuition, with Music, French, Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Drawing and Painting. Taken separately, the charges will be as follows:

Board per session of 5 months,	$50
Tuition in the Cassical Department.	20
Do in the English Department,	15
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20
Drawing and Painting,	10
Painting in Oil Colours,	15
French,	10

The Pupils will be regularly instructed in Vocal Music, without further charge.

☞ The Annual Examination of the Pupils of this Institution will take place on Wednesday and Thursday, the 4th and 5th of December ensuing

The Session for 1851 begins on Monday the sixth of January.

B. T. BLAKE, *Principal*

Raleigh N. C., Nov. 5th 1850 2m 91

BRITTON & TODD,

Sicamore Street, opposite Powell's Hotel, Petersburg Va., OFFER FOR SALE,

80 hhds. St Croix, P Rico and N O sugars; 5 hhds refined sugars
200 bags Rio, Laguyria, and Java coffee
40 packages loaf, crushed and powdered sugars
25 tons Swedes, American and English iron
30 bales horse shoes
150 bales Gunny, Dundee and German bagging
100 coils bale rope
150 boxes sperm, adamantine and tallow candles
50 boxes soap
10 boxes very superior family soap
150 barrels old rye double and single rectified whiskey
21 barrels grape brandy
5½ pipes Cog. brandy, part very fine,
2 hhds. rum
20 pipes and 1-4 pipes Port, Mad. and Sherry wine
100 bags shot, assorted,
760 kegs nails, Cumberland and Rapid falls,
300 sides sole leather
150 reams wrapping paper
80 reams letter and cap paper
25 hhds. and bbls. molasses
100 boxes window glass, 8 x 10 and 10 x 12

Horse collars, saddles, bridles, bed cords, lines, pepper, ginger, spice, mace, starch, chocolate, water buckets, cotton cards, band iron, hoop iron, castings, cotton yarns, wagon whips, &c. &c. &c. All of the above goods will be sold at the lowest rates.

BRITTON & TODD.

August 21, 1850. 68 3m

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,

CONSISTING of Jackets and Pantaloons, attached and detached Over Coats, &c. To which we invite the attention of the Ladies.

OLIVER & PROCTER.

October 14. 84

MALE ACADEMY,

WARRENTON, N. C.

TEACHERS.

Department of Languages, R. A. Ezell, A. M.
Department of Mathematics, D. R. Wallace, A. B.

THE TWENTY-THIRD SESSION will commence on the 15th day of January, 1850.

The Principal takes great pleasure in informing the Public that the Mathematical Department has been, at the cost of great labour and expense, placed upon an exalted and permanent basis. Mr. Wallace whose services have been secured for that division of the School, was graduated with the first distinction at College, and has since had charge of the Greenville Academy, which, as Principal, he conducted with entire success and universal approbation. His testimonials from the most eminent Scholars of the state evince a high order of Scholarship and a high rank as an Instructor.

In the Warrenton Academy, boys are prepared thoroughly for the advanced classes of any College in the Union or for the varied duties of useful life. The strictest attention is given to the moral as well as intellectual improvement of the Students, and the course of instruction, while it insures a high order of Scholarship, is designed to develope and strengthen the faculties of the mind.

TERMS.

Board for the Session of five months,	$50 00
Fuel and Lights in the rooms,	5 00
Tuition for the Languages and Mathematics,	17 50
do in the English branches,	12 50
Fuel in the School-room,	1 00

☞ For the character of the Institution, Members of the Legislature are referred to the Representatives of Warren, all of whom are Trustees of the Academy, and to the Members from Northampton. R. A. EZELL, Principal.

December 16th, 1850. 102

☞ Standard copy 4 weeks.

WHITE WINE, FOR COOKING, just received and for sale at the store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

A Teacher Wanted,

AT ROXABEL!

ONE competent and qualified to give instruction in the English, Latin, and Greek Languages, and Mathematics, to take charge of a School for boys near this Village, for the year 1851. To one morally and intellectually qualified to establish a School of high grade, a liberal Salary will be given. A gentleman raised and educated at the South, who proposes to make teaching his profession, would be preferred.

Address the subscribers with testimonals as to character and qualifications, at Roxabel, Bertie County N. C

WM. BISHOP
JOSHUA BROWN and others,
Trustees.

Dec. 1st, 1850. 97 tf

NEW STORE.

EVANS & WILLIAMS

WOULD respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have opened a Store on Fayetteville Street, one door above Richard Smith, Esqr., where they will keep constantly on hand a full Supply of

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GROCERIES, &c.

And indeed every thing usually found in similar establishments. They present the following as specimens of the Stock:

Brocade French Cashmere,
Embroidered Silk and Crape, and Norwich lustre,
Chameleon Turks, Silk and Poplines,
French Cashmere and Delaines,
Chameleon, Figured and Black Alpacas,
Velvet Neck Ribbons and Belts,
French worked Collars and Cuffs,
Embroidered Ribbons and Velvet Trimmings,
Scolloped Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs and Kid Gloves,
Bonnets, Ribbons, and Artificials,
Ginghams and Calicoes, a large lot,
French Clothes, Cassimeres and Vestings,
Beaver-Cloth, Tweeds, and Kentucky Jeans,
Red and White Flannel, Linseys and plaid Shawls,
Kerseys, Negro and Bed Blankets,
Brown and Bleached Domestic, Bed Ticking,
Table Clothes and Diapers,
Ladies' Cotton, Merino, and Silk Hose,

ALSO.

Ladies fine Walking Shoes and Gaiters,
I Miles & Son's fine pegged Boots,
Calf, Kip, and Coarse Brogans,
A good assortment of Hats and Caps of every desciption,
Cuttlery, Crockery, Spades, Shovels, Trace Chains, Java, Laguira and Rio Coffee, Loaf, Crush, Clarified and Brown Sugar.

Together with a number of other articles not enumerated. The Subscribers respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. They will sell good Bargains for Cash, or on short time, to punctual dealers.

H. L. EVANS,
JOHN G. WILLIAMS.

Raleigh, Sept. 17th, 1850. 74

Fine Fruit Trees!

THE Proprietors of the Pomological Garden and nurseries, Cane Creek, Chatham County, N. C., have now ready for transplanting, 20,000 fruit trees of large size and thrifty growth, of the finest kind of fruits known for all seasons, from the earliest to the latest ripening kinds; consisting of

Apples, Peaches, Plums, Cherries,
Apricots, Nectarines, Grapes, Figs &c.

Orders should be sent to us early, that we may make our arrangements to deliver in good time. One of us will be at Raleigh, in the early part and at the end of the Session, with a splendid collection of our trees.

J. & T. LINDLEY.

NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC STORE.

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of announcing to the people of North Carolina, that he intends to open in this City, in December next,

A MUSIC STORE,

where will always be found a complete assortment of Foreign and American Music, and Musical Instruments; all of which will be selected by himself.

The Pianos will be from the best Manufactories in the United States, and will be sold at New York and Philadelphia prices.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, Nov. 6, 1850. 89 tf

A CARD.

THE Subscriber, having made arrangemen with Mrs. Frances Wilson of Norfolk, will be in the receipt of a regular supply of the finest

Norfolk Oysters,

together with fresh fish, smoked beef, beef tongues, and other rare luxuries, and he flatters himself, by using his best exertions to please, to receive a liberal support.

His regular supply of Oysters will commence about the 1st of November, and continue through the season.

He has engaged a part of **Mr. Willis Scott's** house on the corner of Market Square and Wilmington Street, where he will be pleased to receive the orders of Mrs. Wilson's former friends and customers.

H. J. POWELL.

Raleigh, October 25th, 1850.

BUSINESS COATS.

100 MORE of those desirable Coats; just opened—at the low price of $4 50.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Nov. 15th, 1850. 92

Wanted.

A GOOD House-maid. Enquire at this office.

Raleigh, Aug. 6th, 1850. 63 3t

FORWARDING.

I WILL attend to the forwarding of all Goods at Wilmington and Fayetteville, at the usual commission; and will, in all cases, forward by first boat without reference to *lines*. All orders for purchasers will be strictly attended to. Direct to care of

W. BRANSON,
Fayetteville and Wilmington.

April16, 1850. 31 tf

English, Goshen, and Parmesan Cheese, just to hand,

R. TUCKER & SON.

Raleigh September 21st, 1850. 76

MYER'S CELEBRATED CHEWing Tobacco; Imported Cigars of different Brands.

Just received by

R. TUCKER & SON.

October 8th, 1850. 81

JENNY LIND SLIPPERS.

JUST received, and for sale by

O. L. BURCH.

Raleigh, Oct. 4, 1850. 80

Valuable Land for Sale.

A Valuable Tract of Land containing 208 acres lying between four and five miles West of Raleigh, on both sides of Walnut Creek, and adjoining the land of Rev. Thos. Meredith and others, will be sold on reasonable terms.

For further information apply to

M. A. BLEDSOE.

Raleigh, August 17, 1850. 66

PRIME SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

And the best Imported Cigars,

MAY BE FOUND AT

HENRY KEIM'S

GENERAL VARIETY STORE,

First Corner North of Yarbrough House,

And opposite Lawrence's Hotel,

Keeps on hand a good assortment of Useful, Fancy and Ornamental Articles, Confectionaries, Groceries

1 Doz. Guitars, on hand, from $1 to $35.
4 Doz. Violins, from $1 to $25.
A Variety of Accordeons.

Nov. 24th, 1850. HENRY KEIM. 96

NEGRO CLOTHING.

WE have a large assortment of Negro Clothing, all kinds of Jackets, Over Coats, Pants and Vests, that we will sell cheaper than the goods can be purchased, much less to have them made. To which we invite the heads of families who have their ervants to supply

Oct. 12, 1850. OLIVER & PROCTER. 82

N. PERRY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
SYCAMORE STREET,
3 doors above Bank, PETERBURG, Va.

SUPERIOR
Ready Made Clothing,
AND
GENTLEMEN'S
UNDER DRESS.
SHIRTS, COLLARS,
CRAVATS, STOCKS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SUSPENDERS,
UMBRELLAS, TRUNKS, &c.

September 8th, 1850. 73 tf.

TO PAINTERS.

The Painter, Gilder, and Varnisher's Companion.

CONTAINING Rules and Regulations in Everything relating to the Arts of Painting, Gilding, Varnishing and Glass Staining.

H. D. TURNER.

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

NO. 2, Vol. 11, S. C. Reports, being the decisions at the August Term, has just been issued rom this Office.

November 26th, 1850. ot

BANK OF THE STATE
OF
NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held on the first Monday in January next, at their Banking House in this City.

C. DEWEY Cashier.

Raleigh Nov. 30th, 1850 td 97

NEW BOOK STORE!

THE Subscriber has just opened a BOOK STORE in

RALEIGH,

Two doors above Mr. Richard Smith's store, where he offers to the public

SCHOOL BOOKS

Of almost every description, together with a large collection of

RELIGIOUS WORKS,

From the pens of eminent authors of the different Denominations; also,

STATIONERY

Of excellent quality; all of which he proposes to sel *n very reasonable terms.*

Any Book not on hand at present, can be ordered and received by the Subscriber, in a few days, and he will be prompt to fulfil all orders from town or country.

JOHN W. O'NEAL.

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1850. 74 tf

SARATOGA WATER.

IN Quarts and Pints, just received and for sale a the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

2000 Acres of Land.

THE Subscriber is desirous of selling his land lying within three miles of Raleigh, on both sides of the road to Fayetteville.

The above land is well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Tobacco or Cotton, is well watered and healthy, and can be advantageously divided into three or four tracts, to suit small farmers, or residences for persons from the lower country.

Notes at interest, or Young Negroes will be received in Payment.

Persons desirous of seeing the above land will call on the Subscriber, or, in his absence, his Brother on the Premises.

JOSEPH T. HUNTER.

Sept, 23rd, 1850. 6w 77

S. F. PHILLIPS,

ATTENDS THE COURTS in the Counties of Orange, Alamance, Wake and Chatham.

apel ChHill, N. C., May 24, 1849. 24

TEA! TEA! TEA!

IMPERIAL, Young Hyson and Gunpowder, for sale at the Drug Store of

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

Nov. 21st, 1850. 94

TO INVALIDS.

AT Pescud's Drug Store you may find Old London Dock Brandy, Porter, Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, selected expressly for Medicinal purposes. Also, Capsules of Copaiba and Cubebs, Castor Oil Capsules, Tarrants, Marshalls and Carpenters Ex'ts of Copaiba Cubebs, &c., and all the most popular Patent Medicines in use.

Nov, 21st. 94

CLOTHING BAZAAR.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF

Fashionable Clothing,

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber enters the field of competition with a large and well selected assortment of all the new styles of Fashionable Garments for the Fall and Winter Trade. Determined to maintain the increasing reputation of the 'Clothing Bazaar,' every effort has been made to produce styles of Clothing well adapted to this market; from the very lowest price to the finest quality of Clothing. Customers can depend upon finding our garments well made, however low the price.

Merchants are invited to examine our stock, as we are determined not to be undersold by any house in the trade.

The fancy Department is full, embracing English French and Italian Cravats, Gloves, Suspenders, Shirts, Collars, &c, which will be sold at the lowest prices, by

Petersburg, Sept 8th. 1850, N. PERRY. tf 73

SELF-PROTECTORS,

TO TRAVELLERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS

The greatest modern improvement in Fire-Arms.

ELF-COCKING & SELF-REVOLVING POCKET PISTOLS.

DAILY EXPECTED, a large importation of fine Guns, Pistols, Powder Flasks, Shot-Bags, Bird-bags, &c., &c., all which will be sold low.

C. B. ROOT.

MUSTARD.

ENGLISH, French and American, of superior quality. WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD & CO.

v. 21st, 93

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

THE Members of the Legislature and others who want superior **Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco**, are requested to try the supply just received by

Nov. 21st. P. F. PESCUD. 94

Notice.

THE Subscriber has determined to locate in this City, and having procured a sufficient number of competent assistants, is prepared to execute in the most finished Style, all kinds of

PAINTING, GLAZING, AND RE-GLAZING

Orders from the City or surrounding Country, if left at the Drug Store of P. F. Pescud, will be promply executed and satisfaction guarantied.

Reference as to ability, character, &c., will be given to all who may wish to patronise him.

WM. M. OVERBY.

Raleigh May 20, 1850. 41

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application will be made, at the ensuing session of the Legislature, for a Charter for the construction of a Plank Road from Pittsboro' to Haywood, or some convenient point on Deep River.

MANY CITIZENS.

October 18th, 1850. 84 tl

To my Town & Country friends.

THE Subscriber would respectfully call the attention of his Town and Country friends to his stock of Family Groceries, which he is determined to sell on as good terms as any one in the place.

Among his stock may be found:

80 Bbbls. best Petersburg Flour—whole and half barrels.
2 Hhds. Bright and Dry P. R. Sugar,
5 bbls. do do N. O. do
6 do Crushed do
5 do Clarified do
4 do Pulverized do
1 Package best Loaf do
Rio, Laguira and Java Coffe,
Imperial and Black Tea, a fine artiele,
Tallow, Adamantine and Sperm candles,
Washing and Fancy Soaps,
Crane's Wash mixture—a superior article,
A fine lot imported segars—different brands,
Oak and Hemlock Sole Leather; and many artieles in the Grocery and Confectionary line.

Give me a call, and I am determined not to be undersold by Jew or Gentile.

Raleigh, Nov. 7th 1850. L. B. WALKER. 91

National Hotel.

NO. 5 COURTLAND STREET, NEW YORK.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT having passed into the hands of Mr. Geo. Seeley, formerly of the Eastern Pearl St. House, has been recently improved by the addition of

FORTY NEW ROOMS,

And has also been thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished for the accomodation of the Public.

It is the aim of the Proprietor to render the **NATIONAL** quite equal to any of its cotemporaries in all those essentials that contribute to the reputation of a well conducted and well ordered Hotel.

The House is of the largest size, eligibly located, within three doors of Broadway, and in all respects conveniently arranged to promote the comfort and convenience of Guests. Persons visiting New York are respectfully invited to make their home at this Hotel during their stay in the City.

GEORGE SEELEY,
Proprietor.

New York, June 28, 1850. 53 6m

To Physicians, Chemists &c.

THE Subscribers offer Physicians a large and well selected assortment of pure

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

They would also invite the atttention of Chemists and Lecturers to their stock of

Pure Re-agents Chemicals and Chemical Wares.

Priced Catalogues furnished upon application, post-paid.

BULLOCK & CRENSHAW,
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,
6th and Arch Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

September 1st, 1850. 6m- 71

C. & E. L. Kerrison & Co.,

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

Charleston, s. C.

WOULD respectfully inform their friends and those who purchase Dry Goods, in their city, that they are now prepared to offer a large, choice and well assorted Stock of **Foreign and Fancy Dry Goods.**

As they receive the bulk of their Goods, *direct from European Ports*, they feel assured of being able to compete successfully with any other Market in the United States.

209 King, North West Corner of King and Marion.

Angust 24th, 1850. w3m

WORKS BY THE REV. C B TAYLOR.

RECORDS of a good Man's Life,
Margaret, or the Pearl.
Scenes in a Clergyman's life,
Earnestness.

Nov. 12th, 1850. H. D. TURNER. 91

MERINO DRAWERS AND SHIRTS,

10 Dozen just at hand, Very cheap.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Superior Family Flour, made at Col. Thomas McGehee's Mill.

For Sale by

R. TUCKER & SON.

November 28th, 5. 97

LOT OF THOMASTOWN LIME,

Just received and for Sale by

R. TUCKER & SON.

November 28th, 1850. 97

☞ Star and Standard copy.

Ladies Shoes and Slippers.

JUST received, by Express, direct from the manufactory,

Ladies Kid and Morocco Walking Shoes, (Ties and Buskins,)
do do and do Slippers.

ALSO ON HAND.

100 pieces Light and Dark Calico,
Bleached and Brown Shirtings and Sheetings,

With a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Hats and Shoes,
Lawns and Ginghams, Groceries,
Cambrics and Jaconetts, Crockery.

For sale, low, by

J. BROWN,
No. 9 Fayetteville Street.

Raleigh, August 6th, 1850. 63

Sedgwick Female SEMINARY.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE Spring term of this Institution will open on Tuesday the first day of January, 1851.

TERMS per session of five months (payable in advance.)

Board and English Tuition,	$60,00
Music on Piano or Guitar,	20,00
Use of Instruments,	3,00
Latin and French, each,	10,00
Incidental expenses,	1,00

MRS. J. J. FINCH, Principal.

November 2 1t 1850. 4t 96

Soldiers Claims.

THE undersigned having much experience and success in the business, still takes military claims for Bounty lands and Pensions for prosecution before the government, on very reasonable terms, and with the utmost faithfulness and dispatch. All letters to him, from claimants, must be postage paid.

☞ The last Congress gave lands to all the officers and Soldiers who served one month or longer, and if dead, to their widows and minor children, in all the wars of the United States, since 1790.

And provision is now also made for pensions to Widows of Soldiers of the Revolution, who married before the year 1800.

He can furnish information concerning the grades of officers of the Revolutionary War, which is all important to claimants, and difficult to procure elsewhere. His charges will be moderate.

*** Any information concerning the heirs of the following officers of the Revolution will be thankfully received, viz:

Thomas Clark,	James Hogan,
Alexander Martin,	Wm. Davis,
James Martin,	John White,
James Moore,	Joshua Boman.

He can also furnish a copy of the rolls of the Officers and Soldiers of the State of North Carolina in the war with Great Britain, declared 18th of June 1812, giving in many instances the length of service, their respective offices and Regiments; the time of entering the service ☞ also the deserters, and every particular to facilitate the Collection of their Claims. ☞ Every agent should have a copy. Cost —only $10 each county!

J. H. KIRKHAM,
Raleigh N. C.

Raleigh, November 1st, 1850.
☞ Standard copy. 88

TO MY FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS,

And the Public Generally.

HAVING associated with me in the Clothing business, Mr. Silvester Smith, it will hence-forward be conducted under the firm of J. J. Biggs & co. Mr. Smith has been long known as a Merchant Tailor, but is now turning his attention to the Ready Made business, and it is the design of the New firm, to keep up a large assortment of all kinds of

Ready Made Clothing,

Our Stock of Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, will also be kept up, a beautiful assortment of which is now being opened, embracing all the latest styles.

Mr. PEACH will attend to the Cutting Department, as heretofore.

Raleigh, Oct. 18th 1850. J. J. BIGGS. 8 46t

New Goods!

SEPTEMBER, 1850.

Peebles, Scott & White,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.

WE beg leave to announce to our friends and customers that we are now in possession of our stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

embracing a general assortment of the most fashionable style of Foreign and Domestic Fabrics, suited to the Fall and Winter Trade.

We respectfully solicit an examination of aur assortment by Country Merchants, as well as those buying at retail.

Our stock is large and commodious. In it will be found all the leading articles usually kept in a Fashionable Dry Goods Store.

PEEBLES, SCOTT & WHITE.

Sept. 22nd, 1850. 77

ASHEVILLE MESSENGER.

THIS Whig Journal, now in its eleventh year was, on the first of November, greatly enlarged and improved. It is now classed among the very largest papers in the State, printed on new type, fine paper, and, as will be seen, is the *cheapest paper in the State*, of its size.

TERMS.—$2 00 a year, payable in six months; $2 50 after six months and $3 00 after twelve months.

To Ministers and widows it is furnished at $1 5 in six months, and $2 00 after six months. To Clubs of five for $8 75; of ten, for $16 25, in advance.

JAMES M. EDNEY,
Editor and Proprietor.

November 15th, 1850. 92

To Purchasers of Books South of BALTIMORE CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully represent to Clergymen, Libraians, and all others in want of books in any department of Literature whether published in Europe or the United States, the advantages offered for obtaining them through his agency.

The publication of the leading houses of this country are generally found upon his shelves, and invariably supplied at the publishers' lowest cash prices whether for the single copy or by the quantity.

Importation of Books to Order

FROM EUROPE.

Foreign Books imported to order, by steamer or packet, with the greatest possible despatch and for the lowest rates.

To enable our customers to calculate correctly the costs of their orders before sending them, we have adopted the following low scale of prices:—

From England, new Books at 27 cents, old Books at 32 cents per shilling.

From France, new Books at 25 cents, old Books at 50 cents per franc.

From Germany, New Books at 87 cents, old books at $1 per thaler.

From Belguim, new Books at 20 cents, old Books at 30 cents per franc.

These rates are by Packet; when ordered by Steamer, an advance is charged.

☞ Books imported upon these rates to be paid for upon delivery—otherwise an advance will be charged.

A collection of Catalogues of old and new books, to which additions are constantly being made, can always be consulted at my store.

We are also in the monthly receipt of parcels of Catalogues from the various second-hand booksellers in London, with the prices affixed, which we distribute gratuitously to all who may wish them.

☞ American Publications always on sale, or supplied to Order, without any advance on Eastern prices.

J. S. WATERS, 244 Baltimore St.

Baltimore, Md., Oct, 27th, 1850. 4w78